Two U. S. Seaplanes Reach Halifax on Flight to Europe

the afternoon awaited with keen expectancy the appearance of the adventurous airmen. At 6 o'clock the first definite tidings of their approach was received and crowds quickly gathered upon the hills. When the 'planes were sighted sirens and whistles of factories and steamships let loose in an earsplitting welcome, which the crowd echoed in an outburst of cheering.

Captain Hines, in command of the American naval forces here, went out on the naval tug Iroquois with a party of prominent citizens, including Consul General Young, the French consul Gabourdy and Lieutenant Colonel Thompson. The Iroquois was anchored off the Lighthouse, and the planes, as they soared overhead, were greeted with waving flags and handkerchiefs and enthusiastic cheers. M. Gabourdy offered 500 cigarettes to the first person who sighted one the planes, and the prize was won by Quartermaster Richards, U. S. N.

Warships Ablaze With Lights

A number of other craft also put out to welcome the aviators. The cruiser and the destroyers glittered gaily with myriad lights.

Within a few minutes of alighting Commanders Towers and Richards reported on board the Baltimore, which is anchored off St. George's Island, and their report was transmitted by wireless to the naval department at Ottawa. The aviators then made themselves comfortable for the night in preparation for their flight to-morrow. The N. C. 3 was towed from her anchorage and made fast to the stern of the Baltimore, from which she was supplied with oil and fuel.

Commander Towers, chief of the expedition, said:

"I cannot give an interview until I submit a summary of the flight to the department. We followed our schedule, leaving Rockaway at 10 and arriving here at 7. Conditions weren't bad." With that he went back to his shaving soap and hair brush.

Captain Claverius, of the Baltimore, was a little more communicative.

"Conditions were very favorable, and the only strong winds were struck off the coast of Nova Scotia," he said. The aviators were quite comfortable and experienced no hardship from cold. Commander John H. Towers, who brought the two scaplanes safely to port after a flight of 540 miles from Rockaway Point in nine hours, announced that he expected to get away to-morrow morning on the second lege of the journey, which will take the aircraft to Trepassey, N. F., a distance of 460 miles.

Commander Towers based his expectation on a report of Professor

other ships lying on the beach and told them the NC-3's engines were running splendidly.

Meanwhile on the beach the NC-1 was being swung on the calibrated compass lines to work out her compass lines to work out her compass deviations. This was completed just before '8 o'clock. Five minutes after to sustain the crew as far as Haling and many of the most prominent residents of Halifax, were aboard the narral tug Iroquois, stationed near to the entrance of the harbor. The official party cheered wildly as the planes took the water, while the whist planes to make a landing. As she circularly in the water on her lighting up the water where she settled.

A few minutes after Commander Towers announced his decision Lieutenant J. L. Breese, beaming joyously. The tenant J. L. Breese, beaming joyously. The was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed some to work out her compass deviations. This was was compelled to was to work out her compass deviations. This was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being swung on the calibrated compass the was completed to was being

Later Captain Hines and Consul Young went aboard the Baltimore and warmly congratulated the aviators upon day's work, but enthusiastic over the performance of their 'planes and

performance of their planes and eagerly discussing with Professor Mc-Adie the possibilities for to-morrow.

Just before the official party left the Baltimore a lookout reported that the NC-4 was in sight, but the searchlights of the ship, which were immediately flashed in all directions over the harbor and on the sky above, failed to disclose the missing craft.

If the present weather conditions continue and a start is made to-morrow on the second leg of the trip the aviators plan to hug the Nova Scotia coast until they are off Louisburg and then head directly for Newfoundland. After the experience gained on the run to Halifax the Americans declare they are absolutely confident of completing the trip to Trepassey on schedule time.

'We Will Be First,' Say Navy Fliers

"The United States navy scaplanes will be the first to fly across the ocean."

flagship of Commander John H. Towers, "admiral" of the transatlantic seaplanes, started on the first leg of her momentous aerial voyage. With a rear from the concentrated power of 16,000 horses the huge ship tore through the haze-swept waters of Jamaica Bay. Fifty seconds later she literally leaped from the water into the air at terrific speed.

The haze had scarcely shadowed her graceful lines when Lieutenant Com-

The haze had scarcely shadowed her graceful lines when Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read's NC-4 rushed through the water after her. The "Four," too, rose with graceful ease in fifty seconds, and quickly pierced the misty shroud.

Then the NC-1, first of her type, and commanded by Lieutenant Commander P. N. L. Bellinger, raced madly after her two sisters. Sixty seconds after her start she sprang into the air.

Wind Conditions Perfect

the prize was won by Quartermaster Richards, U. S. N.

Warships Ablaze With Lights

A number of other craft also put out welcome the aviators. The cruiser and the destroyers glittered gaily with wriad lights.

Within a few minutes of the craft also put out the destroyers glittered gaily with wriad lights.

where she settled.

Wings Still Give Trouble

where she settled.

As he took his station in the companion of the manding officers cockyit Commander and the planes had left.

After a short run her blunt nose bright and the planes the beach. Then one of her pilots shouted to Commander Towers "She still has a tendency to roil over. I had to hold the stick firm all the time."

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He referred to the difficulty experienced with the alierons. This gross had been been the planes and left.

Wire of the pilot shouted to the popular wind the popular than the time."

After landing officer of the mander towers and this would not a bigger than the pilot.

By this time "was clear that Commander Towers and feeling very dubious. His usual imperturbability did used two regardets in the course of as many hours. At frequent intervals he sent up small test balloons to observe weather conditions at various altitudes. He was passing through his mind. The actually smoked two eigarettes in the course of as many hours. At frequent intervals he sent up small test balloons to observe weather conditions at various altitudes. The set of the intervals he sent up small test balloons to observe weather conditions at various altitudes. The set of the revers, and with his beam amounced the flight would be made as soon as the section of the houghts that the still had the popular than the properties of the proper

To those fortunate persons who lined the NC beach at the Rockaway naval air station at the hour of 10 yesterday morning Commander John H. Towers's confident prediction appeared a foregone conclusion.

At the moment "four bells" rang Giear above the engine noise the NC-3,

The words were scarcely out of his first aviators.

The words were scarcely out of his first aviators.

He was smoking a big eigar when the newspapermen trooped over to him to have in view—her Haipano-Suiza motors slices to the help of God, and in spite of the help of God, and in spite of

START OF TRANSATLANTIC AIR TRIP



At top-Naval seaplanes N C-1, N C-2 and N C-4. Bottom-Com-

Progress of Flight as

THE three naval scaplanes—NC-1, Flight to Halifax Test NC-3 and NC-4-left the Naval Air Station, Rockaway, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. They were re-ported along their course at the following times:

	Time re-	
Place.	ported.	
Fire Island		40
Montauk Point, L. I	. 11:30	90
Block Island, R. I	. 11:35	98
Naushon Island, Mass	. 12:50	170
Hyannis Point, Mass.	. 1:10	196
*Chatham, Mass	. 1:28	208
Boston	. 1:31	211
First station ship		258
Second station ship	. 3:10	310
Third station ship	. 4:10	370
Cape Sable	. 5:10	430
Lockport, N. S	. †6:30	440
, Mouth Haiifax Harbo	r †6:55	47
Landed at Halifax	. †8:00	540

manding officer's cockyit Commander Towers waved his handkerchief and should to the people waiting on the

I. Kesler.
Reserve pilot — Machinist Rasmus
Christensen, Newfoundland only.
Experimental officer—Ensign C. J.
McCarthy, Newfoundland only.

weather. Insert left-Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read of the NC-4. Insert right-Lieutenant Commander P. N. L. Bellinger. Shown by Reports

S. Rhoads, in place of Howard, who lost his hand.

Reserve pilot — Lieutenant J. L. Breese, Newfoundland only.

For Real Sea Journey

A Figure and supplemendent of the supplement of the

morning on the first leg of the transatlantic flight arrived safely at Hallfax, navy officials were bending every energy to-night to locating the third, missing since early in the afternoon, mander A. C. Read, had been received after the machine passed the destroyer Edo and less than half way to Halfax, expending the fore the missing machine, the McDermott station ship, located more than sixty miles north of Cape Cod and less than half way to Halfax, expending the McDermott that the oil puzzyon one of his motors was giving the McDermott that the ville the content of the meet the necessary open one of his motors was giving trouble and he next ship beyond her, the Kimberly, in search of the mesting machine the Roca and competition all the time to make the necessary open one of his motors was giving trouble and he next ship beyond her, the Kimberly in search of the mesting machine the Roca and competition all the time to make the necessary to prevent and good the safety the medical situations, and the ported to commander Read had reported just before reading the McDermott that the oil puzzyon on one of his motors was giving trouble and he next ship beyond her, the Kimberly in search of the meet the necessary to prevent and good the safety the medical situation and the next ship beyond her, the Kimberly in search of the mean to be brought about the safety of the public, and the next ship beyond her, the Kimberly in search of the mean to be brought about the safety of the public and the next ship beyond her, the Kimberly in search of the missing seaplane. Commander Read had reported just before reading the McDermott that the oil puzzyon on one of his motors was giving trouble and he might have to come down. Later the NC-3 that the trouble had been repaired.

The increase Fliers

Commander Towers in the NC-3 that the trouble had been repaired.

Rate Reduction Opposed

"The increase and emperient with the medical situation and the reductions."

The steel interests were unwilling to make any change in the prices making mander J. H. Towers (left) and Lieutenant L. T. Barin, discussing

Hines Urges Merging Roads Into 20 Lines but I do not favor complete consolidation into a single organization. "I am disposed toward fifteen or twenty railway systems under separate, independent management, subject, of course, to rigid public control, each of these systems to be in the hands of a Federal incorporation, with a capital representing the actual value of the properties combined in that system." Hines Urges

Director Says Old System of
Hundreds of Companies
Must Go or Government
Ownership Is Inevitable

The following were elected officers of the Economic Club for the year 1919-1920:
Henry Morgenthau, presidents, George W. Wickersham and William Church Osborn, vice presidents, and George Gordon Battle, Samuel McRoberts, Charles A. Coffin, William H. Porter and Robert J. F. Schwarzenbach, directors.

He and Senator Cummins Declare Consolidation Is Solution of the Problem

More than 1,100 members of the Economic Club of New York listened to a discussion of the immediately pressing problems of the railroads of the country at the annual meeting and the industrial board.

A Profitable as War Prices

ing problems of the railroads of the country at the annual meeting and dinner of the club in the Hotel Astor last night. The speakers were Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific Railway; Walker D. Hines, director general of railroads, and Senator Albert B. Cummins of Iowa.

All three agreed that the return of the railroads by the government to the companies and their operation on the basis of private ownership is desirable, but maintained that this could only prove successful by new methods of regulation. Mr. Hines especially maintained that unless a common and general standard of regulation is established the ultimate alternative will be government ownership.

Consolidation Urged

Mr. Elliott, speaking for the railway executives, outlined a plan of regulation; in the controversy with administration in its controversy with the industrial board. As Profitable as War Prices

He declared that the reduction in steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel interests and the industrial board practically as profitable as were to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel costs since the war ended, in a single instance, has been so great as to make the prices proposed by the steel

Radio operator — Lieutenant Harry Sadenwater.

Engineer—Chief Machinist's Mate C.

I. Kesler.

Reserve pilot — Machinist Rasmus Christensen, Newfoundland only.

Experimental officer—Ensign C. J.

McCarthy, Newfoundland only.

Experimental officer—Ensign C. J.

No Trace of Seaplane Since In Tenses and Ensign C. J.

In Passed a Point Less Than Half Way to Destination

Pilot—U.E. Half Way to Destination

Washington, May 8.—With two of the three among the control of the pind communication on eystem would attain the station ship has been left behind communication on eystem would attain the station ship has been left behind communication will have to be relayed back by cable. The destroyers cannot would be control of the pind communication of the railways. It is obvious that a complete consolidation into one system would attain the first lap of the transatlantic journey on schedule time almost before the machinist be railroad administration.

The meeting of the transatlantic journey on schedule time almost before the first lap of the transatlantic journey on the control of the railways. It is obvious that a complete consolid

Elliott Supports Plan Stabilization of Steel Prices Is Abandoned

Continued from page 1

Consolidation Urged

Mr. Elliott, speaking for the railway executives, outlined a plan of regulation in which he urged the consolidation of the many railroads now in existence into not more than eighteen, and the application of federal regulation under the supervision of either a department of transportation headed by a secretary of transportation or such an agency as will prove most effective.

Mr. Hines disagreed with him on one point only, in that he urged that the consolidation of the present many weak and strong railroads be made compulsory. He maintained that unless this is made so the consolidation will not occur, as many strong railroads may refuse to dilute their prosperity with weaker reads.

Elliott's Address

Mr. Hines, in his statement, said in part:

"In accordance with the suggestions from Secretary Redfield and Chairman Peek of the Industrial Board. The railroad administration representations, Mrs. Hines, in his statement, said in part:

"In accordance with the suggestions from Secretary Redfield and Chairman Peek of the Industrial Board. The railroad administration representations, Messrs. Henry B. Spencer and T. C. Powell, had a conference to day with representatives of the steel inferests. Messrs. Spencer and Powell offered specific criticisms of the steel prices heretofore proposed and suggested by the industrial Board.

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him. He feels a sob, saying him. He feels will have the wireless right of way. The Island of Pica in the Azores, with rises sheer out of the Atlantic to a height of 7,000 feet, will act as a directing beacon. This island will be seen by the seaplanes for a distance of more than 300 miles. The area to a height of 7,000 feet, will act as a directing beacon. This island will be seen by the seaplanes for a distance of more than 300 miles. At Crawn. On one side of the Lieutenant's office is a distance of more than 300 miles. The main navigating apparatus, how when the leased wires brought in the messages. On the other side is of the Lieutenant's office is a distance of more than 300 miles. At the case of more distance of more than 300 miles. The main assignment of the case of more than 300 miles. The main assignment of the case of more than 300 miles. The main assignment of the case of more than 300 miles. The main assignment of the case of the case of the case of the Lieutenant limits and the continued the continued the continued the continued the large of the case of the carried on the case of the case of the system which rises deep to the first maintenant limits. The case of th